

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

None of the claims is currently amended.

- Do
Not
Amend
1. (Original) In a computer network comprising nodes, a method of administering sending of teleconference data over the network comprising:
- determining an allocated bandwidth corresponding to the sending;
 - communicating the allocated bandwidth to the nodes;
 - inhibiting use of bandwidth by any of the nodes in excess of the allocated bandwidth;
 - monitoring at least one nodal happiness factor;
 - adjusting the allocated bandwidth in response to the at least one nodal happiness factor;
 - dynamically measuring bandwidth use of program elements at a node; and
 - assigning bandwidth among program elements, such that the total of assigned bandwidth is not greater than said allocated bandwidth.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- determining for each program element at each node a desired bandwidth, the desired bandwidth being a total minimum bandwidth at which all program elements have sufficient bandwidth to operate at maximum speed; and
 - determining for each program element a happiness factor, the happiness factor being proportional to the assigned bandwidth and inversely proportional to the desired bandwidth.

- 1 3. (Original) In a computer network comprising nodes, a system configured
2 to administer at least one teleconference over the computer network, the system compris-
3 ing:
4 a means for determining an allocated bandwidth corresponding to the at least one
5 teleconference;
6 a means for communicating the allocated bandwidth to the nodes; and
7 a means for inhibiting use of bandwidth by any of the nodes in excess of the allo-
8 cated bandwidth;
9 a means for monitoring at least one nodal happiness factor,
10 a means for adjusting the allocated bandwidth in response to the at least one nodal
11 happiness factor;
12 a means for dynamically measuring bandwidth use of program elements at a node;
13 and
14 a means for assigning bandwidth among program elements, such that the total of
15 assigned bandwidth is not greater than the allocated bandwidth.
- 1 4. (Original) The system of claim 3, further comprising:
2 a means for determining a desired bandwidth for each program element at each
3 node, the desired bandwidth being a total minimum bandwidth at which all
4 program elements have sufficient bandwidth to operate at maximum
5 speed; and
6 a means for determining a happiness factor for each program element, the happi-
7 ness factor being proportional to the assigned bandwidth and inversely
8 proportional to the desired bandwidth.

1 5. (Previously added) A computer network supporting one or more proc-
2 esses involving transmission of large amounts of data, the computer network comprising:
3 an administrator node, adapted to allocate nodal maximum bandwidths for one or
4 more nodes of the network and to communicate to the one or more nodes
5 the respective allocated nodal maximum bandwidths; and
6 a client node, adapted to receive an allocated nodal maximum bandwidth from the
7 administrator node, and further adapted to determine current values of a
8 set of variables related to bandwidth usage by the one or more processes at
9 the client node and to communicate the current values to the administrator
10 node, wherein the administrator node utilizes the current values to adjust
11 the allocated nodal maximum bandwidths for the one or more nodes.

1 6. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the one or
2 more processes include a teleconference.

1 7. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the one or
2 more processes include a broadcasting process.

1 8. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the one or
2 more processes include a video serving process.

1 9. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the allo-
2 cated nodal maximum bandwidth for each node is shared by all program elements at the
3 node.

1 10. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the allo-
2 cated nodal maximum bandwidth for each node is shared by program elements at the
3 node associated with a predetermined class of processes.

1 11. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 10, wherein the prede-
2 termined class of processes comprises the one or more processes involving transmission
3 of large amounts of data.

1 12. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the admin-
2 istrator node is adapted to allocate nodal maximum bandwidths for all nodes of the net-
3 work.

1 13. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the nodal
2 maximum bandwidths are determined based on participation of the respective nodes in
3 the one or more processes involving transmission of large amounts of data.

1 14. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the set of
2 variables related to bandwidth usage by the one or more processes involving transmission
3 of large amounts of data comprises:

4 at least one variable indicating an actual usage of bandwidth at a node by the one
5 or more processes; and
6 one or more variables related to a predicted usage of bandwidth at a node by the
7 one or more processes in the immediate future.

1 15. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 14, wherein the one or
2 more variables related to the predicted usage of bandwidth comprises:
3 a number of active processes at the node that are capable of transmitting data; and

4 a number of active connections on the node, wherein each connection requires a
5 separate copy of data being transmitted.

1 16. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the client
2 node is further adapted to calculate a nodal happiness factor based on the set of variables
3 related to bandwidth usage by the one or more processes and on the allocated nodal
4 maximum bandwidth.

1 17. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein the client
2 node publishes the current values of the set of variables related to bandwidth usage at the
3 client node to be accessed by all nodes of the network.

1 18. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 5, wherein:
2 the client node is further adapted to assign portions of the allocated nodal maxi-
3 mum bandwidth among program elements at the client node, such that the
4 total of the assigned portions is not greater than the allocated maximum
5 bandwidth.

1 19. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 18, wherein the client
2 node periodically calls a monitoring program for:
3 exchanging information with each program element; and
4 updating variables indicating an actual usage and a predicted usage of bandwidth
5 by each program element.

1 20. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 19, wherein the moni-
2 toring program comprises:

3 one or more function sets which, if manipulated by a node other than the adminis-
4 trator node, render the monitoring program unusable.

1 21. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 19, wherein the moni-
2 toring program comprises:

3 a hacker variable which indicates whether or not any node other than the adminis-
4 trator node has attempted to turn off the monitoring program.

1 22. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 18, wherein the client
2 node periodically calls a bandwidth allocation program for assigning portions of the allo-
3 cated nodal maximum bandwidth among program elements.

1 23. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 22, wherein the
2 bandwidth allocation program is for:

3 determining a priority and a maximum and minimum requested bandwidth for
4 each program element; and

5 in order of priority, assigning to each program element the minimum requested
6 bandwidth, until the allocated nodal maximum bandwidth is used up; and
7 if the allocated nodal maximum bandwidth is not used up by the assigning of
8 minimum requested bandwidths, assigning additional bandwidth to each
9 program element in order of priority.

1 24. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 18, wherein the client
2 node periodically calls a happiness query program that determines a happiness factor of
3 each program element.

1 25. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 24, wherein the hap-
2 piness factor of a program element is an average score of happiness over all connections
3 to which the program element is transmitting data.

1 26. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 24, wherein the hap-
2 piness factor of each program element can be visually displayed using color coding.

1 27. (Previously added) The computer network of claim 24, wherein the hap-
2 piness factor of each program element is published to be accessed by all nodes of the
3 network.

1 28. (Previously added) A computer readable medium for administering one or
2 more processes involving transmission of large amounts of data in a computer network,
3 the computer readable medium comprising:

4 an administrator program, executable on the computer network for allocating
5 nodal maximum bandwidths for one or more nodes of the network and
6 communicating to the one or more nodes the respective allocated nodal
7 maximum bandwidths; and
8 a client program, executable on the computer network for receiving an allocated
9 nodal maximum bandwidth from the administrator program, and further
10 for determining current values of a set of variables related to bandwidth
11 usage by the one or more processes at the client node and communicating
12 the current values to the administrator program, wherein the administrator
13 program utilizes the current values to adjust the allocated nodal maximum
14 bandwidths for the one or more nodes.

1 29. (Previously added) The computer readable medium of claim 28, wherein:
2 the client program is further for assigning portions of the allocated nodal maxi-
3 mum bandwidth among program elements at a client node, such that the
4 total of the assigned portions is not greater than the allocated maximum
5 bandwidth.

1 30. (Previously added) The computer readable medium of claim 28, wherein
2 the client program further comprises:
3 a monitoring program for exchanging information with each program element and
4 updating variables indicating an actual usage and a predicted usage of
5 bandwidth by each program element.

1 31. (Previously added) The computer readable medium of claim 28, wherein
2 the client program further comprises a bandwidth allocation program for:
3 determining a priority and a maximum and minimum requested bandwidth for
4 each program element,
5 in order of priority, assigning to each program element the minimum requested
6 bandwidth until the allocated nodal maximum bandwidth is used up, and
7 if the allocated nodal maximum bandwidth is not used up by the assigning of
8 minimum requested bandwidths, assigning additional bandwidth to each
9 program element in order of priority.

1 32. (Previously added) The computer readable medium of claim 28, wherein
2 the client program further comprises:
3 a happiness query program for determining a happiness factor of each program
4 element, wherein the happiness factor of a program element is an average

5 score of happiness over all connections through which the program element
6 is transmitting data.

1 33. (Previously added) The computer readable medium of claim 32, wherein
2 the happiness query program is further for:
3 visually displaying the happiness factor of each program element using color cod-
4 ing; and
5 publishing the happiness factor of each program element at a node to be accessed
6 by all nodes of the network.